

1. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.

$$2.6 \times 10^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}?$$

A. 260

B. 2600

You are right! Go to [next](#).

You are wrong! [Try again.](#)

2. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.

$$2.6 \times 10^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}?$$

A. 26

B. 2600

You are right! Go to [next](#).

You are wrong! [Try again.](#)

3. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.

$$2.9 \times 10^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}?$$

A. 29

B. 290

You are right! Go to [next](#).

You are wrong! [Try again.](#)

4. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.

$$3.5 \times 10^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}?$$

A. 350

B. 3500

You are right! Go to [next](#).

You are wrong! [Try again.](#)

5. Use whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10.

$$4.8 \times 10^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}?$$

A. 4800

B. 480

You are right.

You are wrong! [Try again.](#)